

The Canterbury Tales

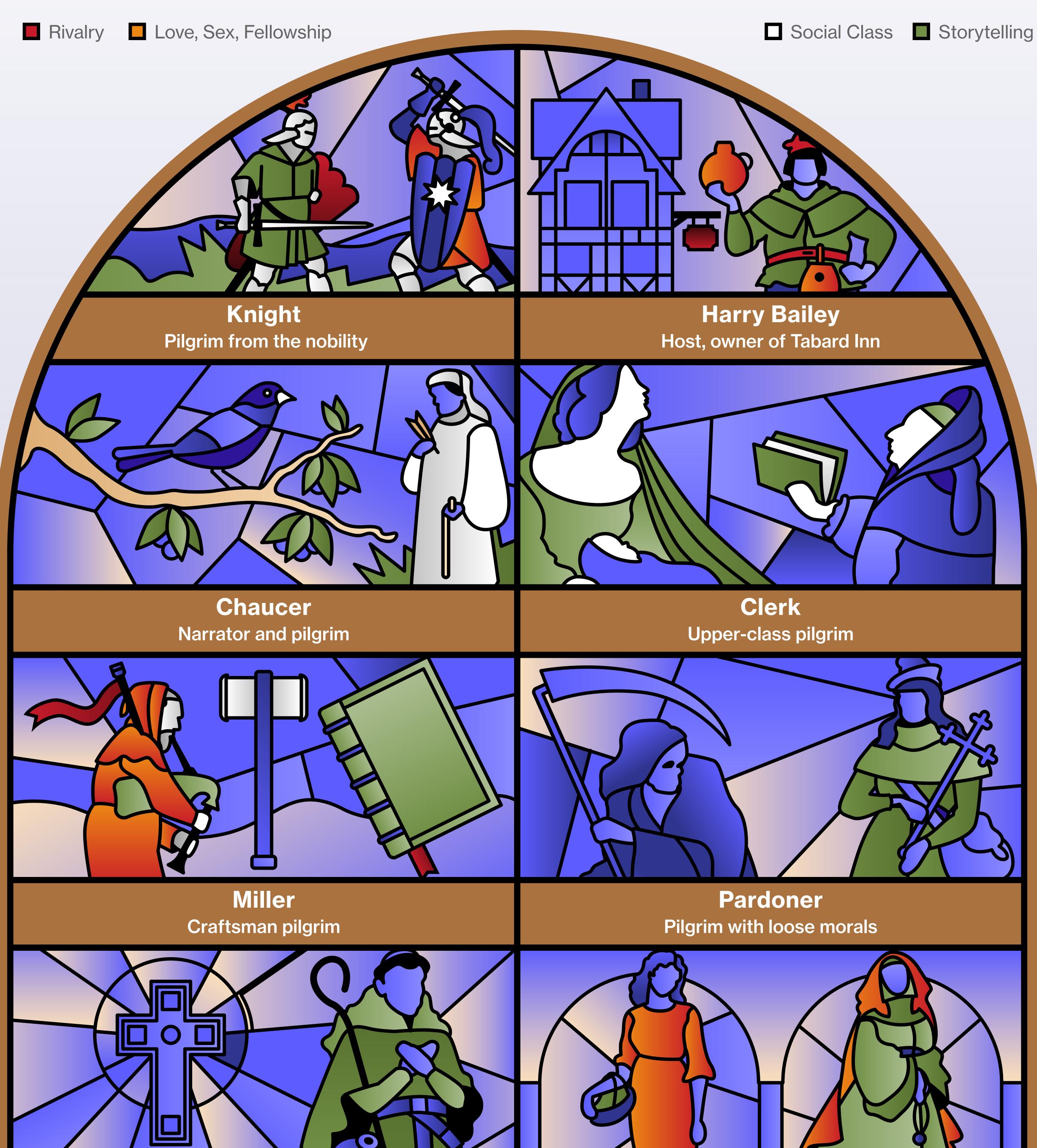
Author **Geoffrey Chaucer**

Years Written c. 1387-1400 Original Language Middle English

MAIN CHARACTERS

May the Best Storyteller Win!

Spring has come and with it an increase in pilgrims traveling to Canterbury. Gathering at an inn in Southwark, England, 30 pilgrims agree to a tale-telling competition for the long road. The Canterbury Tales showcases Chaucer's flair for satire and his ability to create memorable characters with unique voices that explore themes of rivalry; love, sex, and fellowship; social class; and storytelling.



<a>Author



Parson

Poor but virtuous pilgrim

c. 1343-1400

The poet was a diplomat

who served three successive English kings. His wide travels in royal service introduced him to people from all social classes, informing his deeply humorous The Canterbury Tales; the 24 short tales rank among the greatest works of English literature.

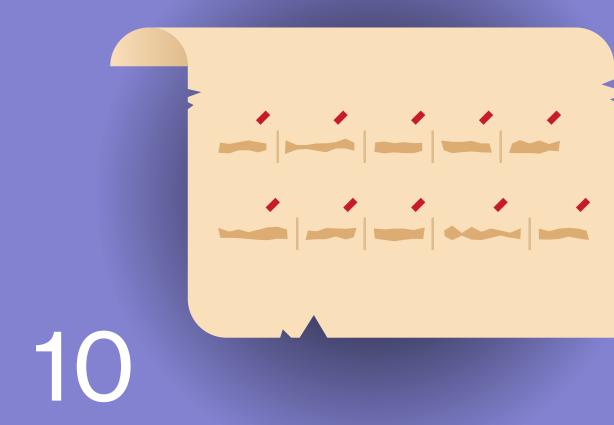
The Canterbury Tales by the Numbers



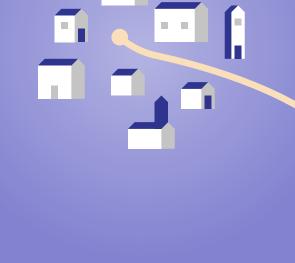
supposed to tell: two on the way to Canterbury and two on the way back

the narrator, 29 other pilgrims, and the Host

People in the company:



Syllables in each line, using a pattern of five 2-syllable pairs in which the second syllable is stressed

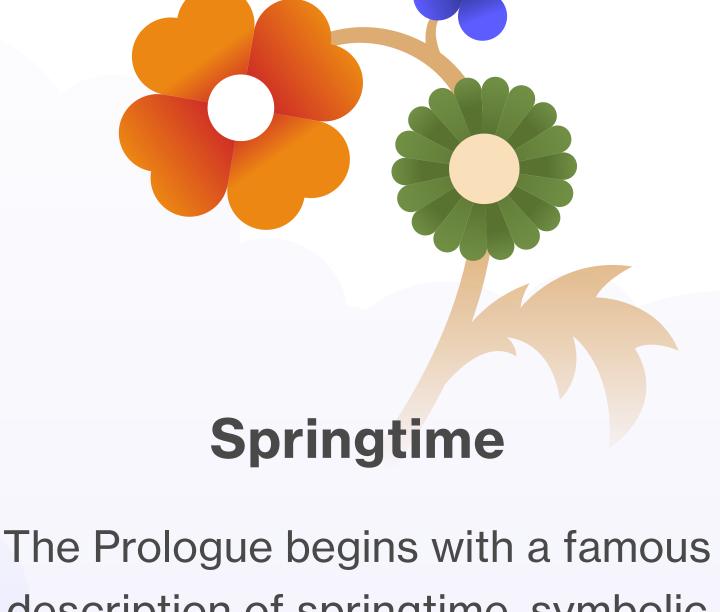


Wife of Bath

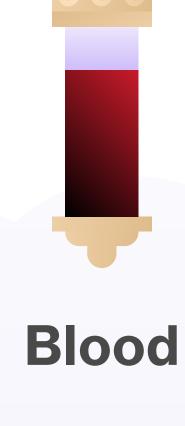
Middle-class pilgrim

Length, in miles, of the pilgrimage from the Tabard Inn to Canterbury Cathedral

2 Symbols

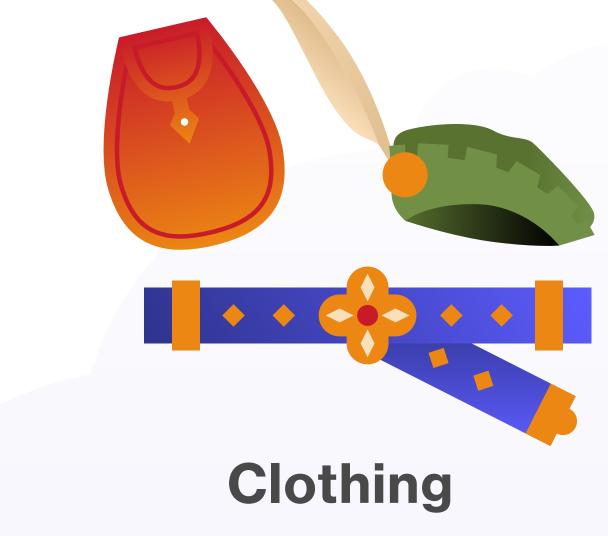


description of springtime, symbolic of desire, fertility, and rebirth.



lineage and class; it also signifies Christ's blood.

Blood is a metaphor for family

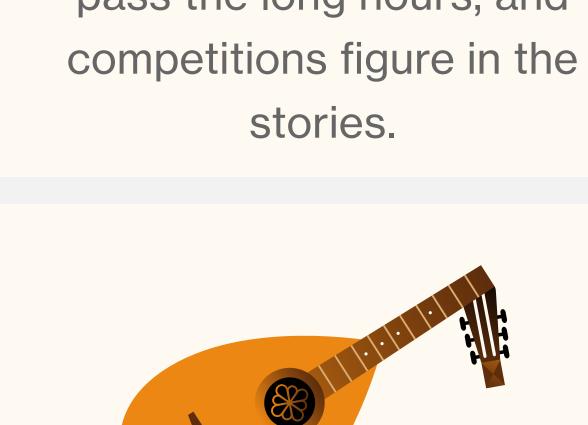


the personality of the wearer.

Clothes, simple or elaborate, reflect

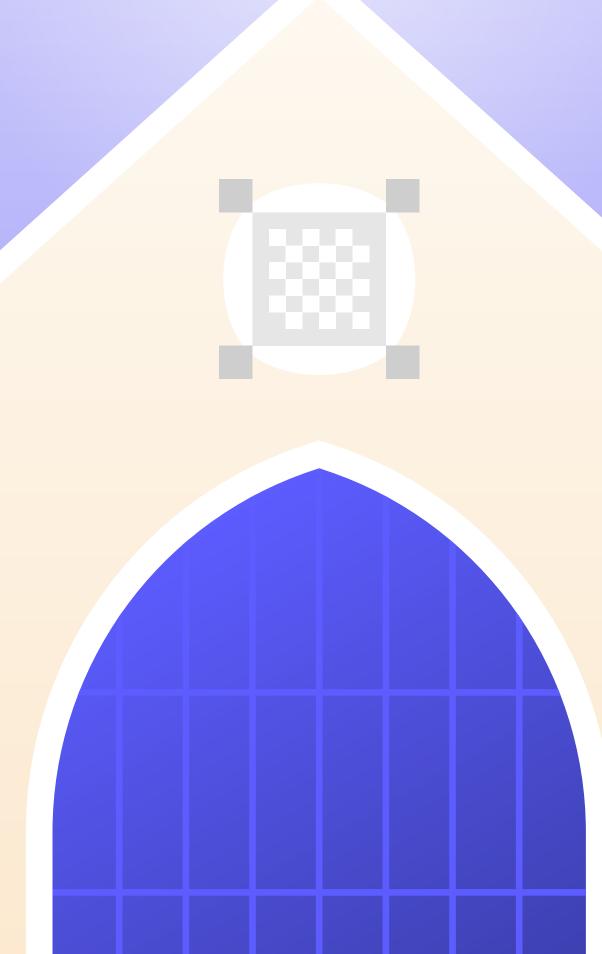


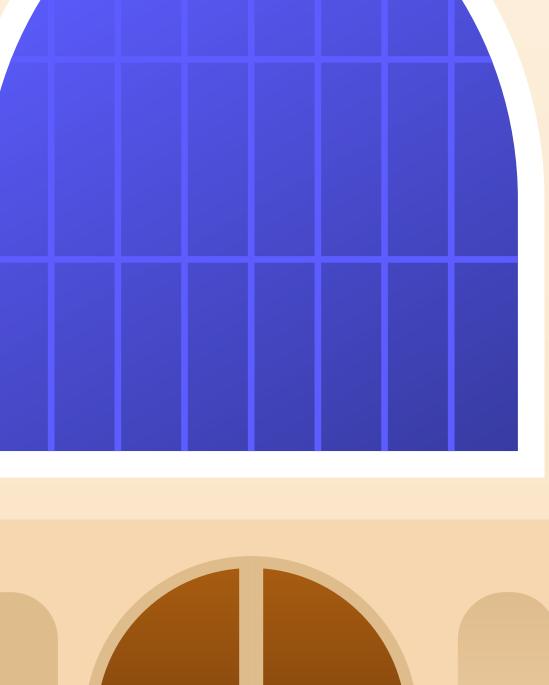




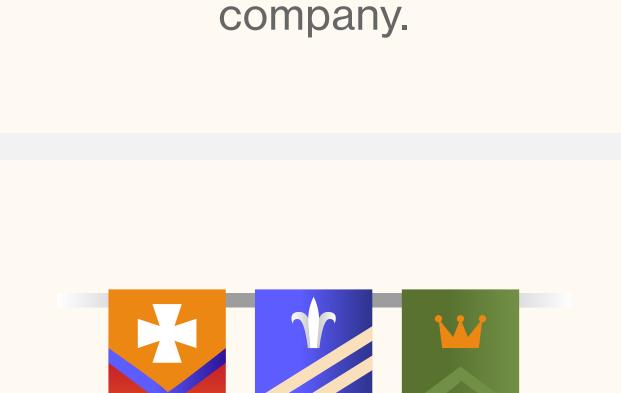
Storytelling The stories are as varied

voices of the storytellers.









told among friendly



a social class, and

Chaucer makes fun of them all.



hough there was nowhere one so busy as he, He was less busy than he seemed to be. Chaucer, Prologue